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LOCAL ITEMS.

Long Star Beer.

Mr. H. B. Murray was in town last week.

Mr. A. Gutzman, of Tucson, was in Florence this week.

Mrs. Popplewell, of Pinal, visited Florence this week.

Mr. C. M. Marshall came up from Casa Grande, Saturday.

Mr. W. C. Smith was up from Casa Grande last Saturday.

Mr. A. J. Jennings is down from De Noen, on a short visit.

Mr. James Dillabaw was in town from Mineral Hill this week.

Mr. J. M. Woods and wife came up from Casa Grande Thursday.

Mr. A. J. Duran visited the mining camp at De Noen this week.

Mr. Perry Wildman of Pinal, spent several days in town this week.

Mr. W. E. Guild and family took a trip to Casa Grande yesterday.

Mr. C. W. Culver, of Pinal, was in town for several days this week.

Mr. W. D. Harrington came down from Cottonwood last Saturday.

D. H. Snyder, of Riverside, came down on Saturday to lay in supplies.

Mrs. Wm. Sutherland is visiting her parents in Florence.

Mr. Chas. F. Bennett returned to Silver King from a visit to Texas, this week.

Mrs. W. H. Merritt came down from DeNoon Thursday on a short visit to her mother.

Mr. C. H. Weber, of Tucson, passed through Florence yesterday on his way to Pinal.

Mr. J. C. Loss, of Casa Grande, spent a few days in Florence this week. Mr. Loss has many warm friends here.

Mr. Chas. G. Lewis has leased the American House at Casa Grande and purposes keeping a first-class hotel.

Mr. E. Bowen, of Silver King, brother of Robert Bowen, Foreman of the mine, is in Florence for a few days.

W. C. Calder, of Riverside, was in town last Saturday, looking after the records of some of his mining properties.

Judge Bo. J. Whiteside took a trip to Casa Grande this week to take acknowledged to several mining deeds.

J. M. Ochoa's steam barley crusher has been very busy during the week and his musical hum was heard early and late.

Mr. D. DeNure came up from the Vekol last week and after spending a couple of days in Florence, went up to the Reynert mines.

Mr. W. J. Bley came down from Pinal Wednesday and went to Casa Grande to erect the oil tanks for the Silver King Mining Company.

Parties were at Riverside a few days ago trying to purchase an idle smelter for immediate use, failing in which they purpose erecting one.

Mr. John Kron has struck a big pocket of rich ore in the Orizaba mine, south of Casa Grande, and he is making regular shipments of the ore.

The publishers of the ENTERPRISE return thanks to Messrs. D. M. Ferry & Co., the celebrated seedmen of Detroit, Michigan, for a quantity of garden seeds.

Mr. C. D. Henry is putting the roof on his new brick building. The walls are all finished and the interior work is all that is to be done to complete the structure.

Mr. Wm. Smith, of Globe, has arrived in Florence and will become associated with Mr. Chas. Stars in the Florence Soda works. They will begin business in a few days.

Messrs. C. D. Putnam of Riverside and M. H. Land, of California, are talking of starting a smelter upon some of the rich ores of Riverside. They were in town Thursday.

There was married in Casa Grande, on March 1st by Rev. J. Monfort, Jesus Arvizu to Antonia Parra. Also in Florence March 6th, Juan Bracamonte to Reverencia Ponce Acosta.

Maj. J. H. Stout was down from the Reynert mines a few days last ago. The major was for ten years the Indian agent at Sacaton and his record was stainless in every respect.

Ex-Rex C. B. Reynolds, the Free Thinker lecturer, did not come to Florence as advertised. He went direct to Tempe and Phoenix. He evidently felt as free to act as he does to think.

Mr. James Cummings, of Pinal, has returned from Tucson where he recovered two horses that were stolen from C. W. Culver. The Sheriff of Pima county had taken possession of the animals.

Sheriff Slaughter and posse of Tombstone, who were hunting Williams, the slayer of Martin, were at Riverside on Thursday night of last week, and secured an ancient relic called a jack-pot.

Mrs. K. M. French being about to retire from the restaurant business, offers for sale all the furniture and fixtures of her restaurant. They will be sold at private sale and at a low price. Inquire on the premises.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruno Scholz, who have spent the past two months visiting Mr. C. W. Fuller, left yesterday for their home in San Francisco. They will return next fall and will probably reside here permanently. Mrs. Scholz is a niece of Mr. Fuller.

Mr. F. C. Calderon and Mrs. Rittenhouse started yesterday for California. Mr. Calderon will purchase a big stock of seasonable goods and Mrs. Rittenhouse will remain in California during the coming summer.

The ambitious young fig trees rather got the "acoon" on the other fruits this year by growing figs as large as nutmegs before a single leaf appeared on the fig trees. The soil and climate of the Gila valley attend strictly to business.

Mr. W. N. Crandall, manager of the Florence Canal, returned from California Wednesday evening and will now push the construction work on the canal. The ditching machine will arrive in a day or two and will be at once put to work.

Today is the Seventeenth of Ireland, dedicated to St. Patrick of amuleas Erin. No formal notice has been served upon this paper by any public re-heating in his case being granted and it is presumed that his glory will remain unshaken, this year of our Lord, by the local sons of the emerald isle.

Long Star Beer is sold by C. Seligmann & Co., manufactured in San Antonio, Texas, the same is known as the best amongst the best, and on account of favorable freight rates it is sold for less than all other first class beers. Every bottle guaranteed. For particulars address the above firm at Tucson.

Messrs. J. L. Koudson and W. Andrews who are largely interested in the California group of copper mines, south of Red Rock, were in town Monday. A contract has been made with J. M. Quiggle to sink a well at the mine for water sufficient to run their smelter and work is to be resumed on the mines at once.

Articles of incorporation have been filed in Phoenix of the Arizona Central Railroad Company for the building of a system of railroads from that place to Globe, Prescott and Yuma. The capital stock is \$7,500,000, divided into 75,000 shares at \$100 each. The incorporators are Morris K. Locke, W. C. Masten, C. S. Masten, DeForest Porter, Frank Baxter, J. T. Dennis and D. F. Conroy. They are the incorporators of the Maricopa & Phoenix Railroad.

The Eagle Card Printing Company is the latest addition to this thriving pueblo, being conducted by Eugene A. Brown, who has had considerable experience in that line of business. Although much has arrived already, the full stock will be here in a couple of weeks, and will include several hundred varieties of visiting cards, besides card cases, scrap albums, birthday souvenirs, etc., in profusion. Everything is quoted at New York prices, usual trade being a specialty. Examination of their samples and prices is requested.

Mr. Wm. Jennings, of whose illness in Sonora mention was made last week, died at Grandmas, Sonora, on March 7th, of kidney troubles. He was 61 years of age and leaves a wife and family now residing in Florence. Mrs. Jennings and her son Albert started for Sonora upon receipt of the news of Mr. Jennings' illness, but when they reached Magdalena they learned of his death and burial and they thereupon returned home. Mr. Jennings was a highly respected citizen of Florence and his death is sincerely mourned by a large circle of warm friends and acquaintances.

A very curious relic of the prehistoric people who inhabited this valley was found a few days ago by a force of men employed by Mr. J. M. Ochoa in clearing a tract of land about two miles northwest of this place. It is an oval shaped stone of white malpai through which an aperture had been made leaving a well-worn handle upon one side. The utensil had doubtless been used to pulverize grain by rolling it much like the dragstaple does a pestle in the mortar. The weight of this curious implement is twenty-one pounds and it is in a perfect state of preservation. It may be seen at the store of Mr. J. M. Ochoa.

Ward comes up from the southern portion of the county that Superintendent Arthur H. Elliott has encountered ore in the Queen of Sheba mine, near the Vekol. In this discovery he has fully vindicated his good judgment, as his faith in the continuation of the Vekol vein through the Queen claim remained unshaken by the predictions of men who called themselves miners that no ore would ever be found therein. Mr. Elliott and his company are working in complete harmony and while they have never taken occasion to claim more for their mine than could be backed by tangible evidence, they are likely to develop fully as valuable a mine as they hoped to find.

The Tucson Citizen devotes a few moments' time to exposing the malicious mischief perpetrated by Harry Blauvelt, of this county at present, who has contributed articles to eastern mining journals derogatory to the mining interests of Arizona. The Citizen is in error however, in stating that Blauvelt is employed by the owners of the Vekol mine. He frequents that camp but with the exception of having been given temporary employment for only a day or two at very long intervals, he has occupied no position at the Vekol. If rumors be true there are worthy gentlemen in Casa Grande who propose stepping on a worm, should he chance to amble into their presence.

A Good Mill.

Mr. Geo. W. Saunders, one of the most skillful millwrights in the west, has just completed the task of remodeling the flouring mill of Hon. P. R. Brady and it is now running steadily and smoothly, turning out a very superior article of flour.

The mill was overhauled last summer by one who professed to be a millwright, and it was practically rebuilt throughout, but through the incompetence of the person employed, the mill was properly or correctly built. It was therefore necessary to tear down the work and build it anew, a task which Mr. Saunders has accomplished with rare skill and judgment. From the first application of the power of the huge undershot water wheel to the point of sacking the flour, the whole arrangement was changed, and now the grain that is deposited into the rotating hopper passes automatically through the unit machine and other cleaning appliances as many times as desired and requires no re-handling until it comes out as fine flour. One man or even a boy, can attend to the mill, so well regulated and economically controlled is every process. Day and night the huge wheel goes round and the flour is piled up in its bins to be taken out by a man or a boy, to be used for flour. A corn and barley mill was also attached to the mill this week and everything is now in complete working order.

Rooms To Rent.

Several very pleasant, clean and well furnished rooms to let in connection with my boarding house on Main street.

Mrs. J. PEXTON.

A MASS MEETING.

The People of the Gila Valley Protest against the Private Land Grant Bill.

Upon very short notice given last week the people of Florence and the adjacent valley assembled at the Court House last Saturday night to consider the bills now before Congress for the appointment of Commission to adjudicate the private land grants in Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado. There was a very fair attendance and but a single sentiment found expression and that was in opposition to any and all special courts to determine questions of such magnitude and involving interests of such value.

Mr. R. E. Sloan was chosen chairman and Mr. H. V. Jackson, Secretary of the meeting, and after a preliminary statement of the objects the chair appointed Messrs. Geo. W. Brown, Bo. J. Whiteside and J. M. Ochoa, a committee to report resolutions expressive of the sentiment that prevailed. After a short address the committee reported the following

RESOLUTIONS

WHEREAS, There has been introduced into the Senate of the United States and House of Representatives a bill for the purpose of establishing a commission for the settlement of Spanish land grants in the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico and the state of Colorado, and

WHEREAS, We believe that the honest and genuine Spanish land grants in said State and Territories have for the most part been long since settled and determined and those that remain are all or nearly all spurious and of no value; and

WHEREAS, We believe the effect of the establishment of the commission provided for in said bill would be to indefinitely protract and delay the final settlement and disposition of said grants and force upon the people within their boundaries an interminable litigation with the consequent injury to the value of the lands held by them by U. S. patents and in addition result in the withdrawal from settlement as much of the public domain as may be included within their limits; and

WHEREAS, We believe that experience has demonstrated that special tribunals such as the one sought to be established by said bill to be the chosen instruments of fraud and corruption, and inimicable to the best interests of the people and that like construction has shown that the action of the land department of the Government and the consequent confirmation or rejection by Congress to be the safest and wisest method of disposing of Spanish land grants. Be it therefore

Resolved, By the citizens of Florence and the Gila Valley in Mass meeting assembled, whose interests are directly concerned, are opposed to any change in the existing laws upon the subject of Spanish land grants and earnestly protest against the passage of said bill and urge upon our Delegate in Congress that he make every honest effort to defeat any and all bills for the creation of special tribunals or commissions to settle said land grants.

Resolved, That the chairman and secretary of this meeting send a copy of these resolutions to our Delegate in Congress, Messrs. A. Smith and also copies to the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the Senate to be by them laid before their respective bodies as the expression of the sentiment of the people of the Gila Valley.

The resolutions were adopted and the meeting adjourned.

Central Silver Mining Co.

One of the very promising mining properties of Pinal county is the group of claims twelve miles south of Casa Grande, recently sold by Mr. J. C. Loss to the Central Silver Mining Company of St. Louis, Mo.

The group consists of three claims, the Horn Silver, Silver Reef and Gray Eagle mines, upon which quite a large amount of development work had been done prior to the sale. Now three shafts are being sunk, one of them to be carried down 400 feet and the others 300 feet each. An ample force of miners are employed and so soon as the hoist arrives additional men will be put on. Steam hoisting works and a twenty-stamp mill have been ordered and during the three or four months pending the construction of the mill at San Francisco the work of development will continue and the already immense ore body will be explored to a sufficient depth to determine the permanency of the mines.

A most rigid examination of these properties was made before the sale was consummated and every claim of merit made by Mr. Loss was not only fully substantiated by the facts, but the mines were found even better than he had represented them to be—a virtue that is rare and commendable.

The company operating these properties organized under the name of the Central Silver Mining Company, with Messrs. John Stephenson as President; Sig. Mayer, Vice President and Secretary; Jno. Gaunt, Treasurer, and W. W. Ashby, Superintendent. The company will work the properties upon a legitimate business basis and as the immense body of ore already opened up will mill an average value of over twenty-five ounces of silver to the ton, they have a good prospect of large future dividends.

This enterprise will add another promising property to Pinal county's long list of paying mines and it will assist materially in the general prosperity of the southern portion of the county as well as of Casa Grande, its base of supplies.

Look Out For Him.

Sheriff Slaughter describes the murderer of the old Mexican, which occurred on the San Pedro a short time ago, an account of which appeared in the columns of the Prospector as a Mexican boy about 18 years old, smooth face, black slaty hair, and having the general appearance of an Indian. He was last seen riding an old bay horse, branded S. B. He is the same fellow who murdered Brown at Picacho a short time ago, and was in Tombstone before committing this last murder.—Prospector.

James A. Rudd, of Apache county, deliberately murdered E. S. B. McCaw, on the Little Colorado on Thursday last week. They were in the sheep business and had trouble about their respective flocks. Rudd escaped and is still at large.

Where to Buy Trees.

R. E. Farrington of the Phoenix Nursery, at Phoenix, has a large stock of fruit and ornamental trees which he is selling at reasonable figures. A free catalogue and price list will be forwarded by mail on application. Arizona white ash 1 1/2 to 4 feet at \$45 per 1000.

40,000 pounds of lime for sale at J. M. Ochoa's.

Pinal and Silver King.

(Tucson Citizen.)

Pinal and Silver King continue much the same year in and year out. At Pinal are situated the Silver King mills and at Silver King, the famous Silver King mill itself. As neither of these changes, are over idle, business in the two towns keeps placidly on in one unbroken run. Occasionally new faces come in and old ones disappear, but the routine of life is pretty much the same.

PINAL.

supports 2 general merchandise stores, 3 saloons, 3 hotels, 2 meat markets, 1 baker and confectionery and a good lively stable. The general merchandise business is attended to by Messrs. Widman and the Luedke Bros. The wet grocery business, by Messrs. Steffy, Murray and Dryden; all of them keep first class groceries and are liberal and accommodating to their customers. Mr. Steffy is proprietor of the Tunnel saloon, so long a landmark in Pinal. The three hotels, the Pinal, Palace and the Grand, are popular institutions; as all well kept hostleries; Mr. J. C. Woolhouse is proprietor of the only livery in town. He keeps a good stock and turn-outs as can be found in the territory. The principal meat market is that of Thomas Phillips Nicholas. He not only supplies the town of Pinal, but sends considerable meat to the King. Messrs. Brunnekauf and Hilde, are proprietors of the bakery and confectionery that supplies Pinal with much of its staff of life. Mr. Brunnekauf recently returned from San Francisco and brought with him a better half. They have gone to business and are nicely situated. Mr. J. Suter for the past several years has been the village tinsmith, still continues to ply his useful vocation to the satisfaction of all. Pinal is also headquarters of Mr. C. W. Culver proprietor of the big 24 horse team that do the King freighting. The wagon repairing shops of this firm are also located here and are under charge of Mr. Marshall, a hardy, frank-spoken young fellow and a famous worker of iron, Messrs. Frank Averell and H. E. Wilson also work in the same shop. All of these gentlemen have occupied the present positions for the past several years. As skilled workmen they acknowledge no superiors, both being capable, competent and reliable.

The Pinal public school has an average attendance of about thirty-three pupils and is under the direction of Mrs. Marshall, a lady of culture and refinement under whose tutelage they are making rapid progress in their studies. Mrs. Marshall is a general favorite with both parents and scholars. The Rev. Mr. Battin attends to the spiritual wants of the community, and also to those of the good people of Silver King. In Pinal can be found an industry common to no other portion of the country, and that is the manufacture by Mr. T. F. White, of cactus furniture, and other useful and ornamental articles. W. F. Barnes, a new arrival from the east, full to the chin of vim and enterprise, does the lathering and shaving for that section of the country.

SILVER KING.

is situated six miles northeast of Pinal and of similar size, although many more men are employed about the mine than in the mill. The town supports three saloons, a hotel, a livery and a blacksmith shop, two saloons and a livery and feed stable together with other necessary trades and a business that go towards the making up of that well known thriving town. The first building of importance seen on entering the place is the Williams' Hotel, a large one story wooden structure, built in the shape of an L. This hotel, joining it by the narrow road, is the popular hotel of the territory. This hotel is under the control of Mr. Bob Williams and his estimable wife. Mr. Williams is also proprietor of the Williams saloon, a place of resort that is never closed from one year's end to the other. Mr. C. F. Bennett, now visiting in the east, is proprietor of the other saloon, which is also a large and well conducted house. On the whole, Pinal and Silver King are prosperous towns and are doing well in the territory. In addition to the King works considerable outside mining is being done and several very excellent properties have been opened up. Lack of time prevents a further extended notice, although the town and its business are much deserving of it.

The Mardi Gras Day was Anticipated.

On February 7th, 1888, Tuesday [always Tuesday], at noon, the 213th Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery took place at New Orleans. The event had been anticipated, as the 14th, the second Tuesday in February, was Mardi Gras day, a legal holiday, strictly observed. It was under the sole management of Gen'l G. T. Bergeaud, of Louisiana, and the First Capital Prize of \$1,500,000. It was sold in fractional tickets at \$1 each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., held, one by Robt. Poutz, Frankfurt, Mich., two First Nat'l Bank of Manistee, Mich.; one by Mrs. V. Gilly, No. 206 St. Philip St., New Orleans, La.; one by John C. Pohl, Michigan City, Ind.; one by First Nat'l Bank of Chicago, Ill.; one by Geo. J. Johnson, Batavia, Mich.; one by Wm. Coach, of Batavia; three-tenths to correspondents in San Francisco, Cal., paid through Louisiana Nat'l Bank, of New Orleans; one by the Anglo-Californian Bank, Limited, of San Francisco, Cal.; one by Matthew Steffens, Harrison St., Police Station, Chicago, Ill., etc., etc. Ticket No. 42,412 drew the Second Capital Prize of \$500,000. Ticket No. 61,553 drew the Third Capital Prize of \$200,000, also sold in tenths. One held by L. Carter, Santa Clara, Cal.; one by John B. Truitt, Winchester, Ill.; one by A. G. Drobish, Lincoln, Ill.; one by L. F. Cooper, Cleveland, O.; one by Joe Deelue, Bonne Terre, Mo.; one by C. H. Soudley, Abbeville, S. C.; one to the S. W. Nat'l Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.; the rest went to correspondents. Ticket No. 19,668 drew \$25,477 each drew one of the Fourth two prizes of \$10,000, sold in fractions, also scattered everywhere. Any information may be had on application to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, about the 215th Grand Drawing on Tuesday, April 10th.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York.

Drew & Bamrick are the mail contractors to Silver King and Pinal. The best stock and quickest time made.

The finest turnouts in the country and the best stock, at Drew & Bamrick's livery stable.

THE CARE OF FINE HORSES.

The Trouble is that Many Rich Owners Treat their Horses Too Richly.

"The great trouble," said Mr. Robert Bonner "is that so many men who are able to buy fine stock do not know how their horses should be taken care of, and are unable to watch and see whether those whom they employ thoroughly understand their business. There is a great deal in what is said there about the feeding of horses. Nothing is more important at this season of the year. Their eating should be looked after as carefully as you would after the feeding of a man unable to care for himself."

"If a man sits all day at a desk and writes, without taking exercise, he cannot eat half as much as a laborer who handles a pick and shovel. It is just the same with horses. You take the hack horses that run around up at Tarrytown, going half a mile in one direction, two miles in another, and using up their strength in climbing hills. They need from twenty to twenty-four quarts of oats a day, and they would eat even more if they could get it. But trotting horses, even in the trotting season, will not eat on an average more than twelve quarts a day; you can't make them, because the work they do does not wear away their strength as does the slow plodding of the hack horse. In this season of the year the trotting horses do almost nothing, and if allowed to eat what they want to, they take on fat and get themselves into a bad condition."

"Now, taking Maud S. for example. Well, she is a glutton, if ever there was one. As I said to me the other day, she was never known to leave around a mouthful of anything to eat. She would eat twelve quarts of oats a day now if I would let her, but I give her barely six quarts, and let her grumble to herself about my stinginess if she wants to. As it is, she is in fine condition, just nice and right. If I let her eat her fill she would get as fat as a porpoise; and even if nothing worse happened, I should have the hardest kind of work to get her back into condition when spring came around again. Of course economy or an idea as that has nothing to do with it. When I give \$40,000 for a mare I don't care how much she eats. If 129 quarts of oats a day would do her, any good I'd only be glad to give it. That is the great trouble with a man who has a fine animal; he is likely to be too indulgent and kill the horse with kindness. Firmness is what a man must have, no matter how much he may think of his horse."

"Of course, there are exceptions to every rule; some horses will not get fat, no matter how much you feed them. There is Keene Jim, a horse that I bought of Mr. Paul Dana for \$4,000; you can't get that horse fat, no matter how much you may feed him. He is a kind of horse that won't fatten, just like some men who are always lean and lank, no matter how good a cook they have."

"One thing that may cause the loss of many valuable horses at this time of the year is ignorance, or carelessness, that results in their catching cold. Horses are exercised too violently, perhaps, and then allowed to stop and grow cold suddenly. That is all wrong; such treatment is likely to kill a man, and it is just as dangerous for a horse. After my horses are exercised they are warmly blanketed and my boys lead them around my stables more and more slowly. A horse wants to cool off gradually and slowly, as the air does when the sun sets, not like a bottle of wine stuck in a freezer. And then, too, you can't be too careful in exercising and driving horses at this time of the year. They should be taken out every day without fail when the weather permits, but be very careful. If you speed your horse in the face of a cold wind, all that cold air pouring into his lungs is likely to injure him very much, and give him lung fever."

"And even when it is fine you can't be too careful about the surface on which your horse is trotting. I wouldn't for \$10,000 let Maud S. go out and fly for half a mile at top speed on the hard roads of Central park, and yet lots of men send their best stock flying over such roads daily. A man who knows anything and saw such a thing, would take the horse away from the driver and say he was crazy. The best chance you can get to drive in winter is on the soft snow. That won't hurt any horse. Only be careful and not drive them too much at first. The slipping of their feet before they become accustomed to the icy surface is very painful to the legs, and they should be worked up to it gradually."—New York Sun.

Handling Baggage in Europe.

The system of handling baggage on the continent is even more antiquated and bungling than the English system. You cannot send your baggage on ahead of you without risk of losing it. If you wish to stop off at any particular place, you must have your baggage registered for that place. This registering of baggage would not be tolerated for one moment by an American public. You are obliged to follow the porters, who pick out your baggage for you and carry it into a registration room. There you stand in line while it is weighed and an inspector leisurely fills out four elaborate tickets. Two of these tickets are kept in the office, one is pasted upon the trunk and the fourth one is given to you. I timed the registering of two little pieces of baggage the other day at Rossendale and found that it took me exactly fifteen minutes from the time I left the train until I had obtained the little slip of paper which would enable me to reclaim my baggage at my next stopping place. The railway companies in no case pay for the handling of your baggage. You have to porters to carry it to the stations, to the train in the first place, and to and from the registration office when necessary. In addition to these delays you are obliged to wait for the custom house inspection, which takes even longer than the registration. But you are never hurried, plenty of time is always given, and so you do not feel very much annoyed, in spite of the bother you have.—T. C. Crawford in New York World.

Bread and Butter in Mexico.

Wheat bread is only used here by people above the grade of the peon class, but in the large cities and towns the peculiar double ended loaf of hard baked wheat flour bread is much eaten. Here in the City of Mexico a great Spanish baker controls a large part of the bread trade. No one bakes bread at home, but it is universally bought at the bake shops. There are several grades, and the best is really excellent. The Mexican wheat is of the finest quality, and thought by experts to be superior to the finest California or Minnesota wheat. It is a curious fact that, better is not in general use in this country. Somehow people manage to get along without it, and a good reason is that there is no really fine grade butter to be had. I have found the

especially when carefully worked over in cold water. American canned butter sent here is rancid stuff. Denmark gets the Mexican trade by reason of producing a good, sound article.—City of Mexico Cor. Boston Herald.

The Venezuelan National Weapon.

The machete, a broad sword or knife, about two or three feet long, and carried without a sheath, is the universal arm of Venezuela and Central America. In the southern states of this country the principal use for the machete is for cutting sugar cane, but in South America it replaces the pocket knife, the axe and the sword. The llanero or hacendado is never seen without it. He cuts bread with it, peels sugar cane, cuts bananas and other fruit from the trees, chops wood, cuts his way through the primeval forests, slaughters hogs or pigs and defends himself against the attacks of wild beasts and serpents. There is no better arm against the serpents than a machete, for with a single stroke the native will cut them in two.—E. De Hesse Wartegg.

The Unselfish Japanese.

Wherever you will you can find no where such a bright, good tempered, lazier loving and innately polite people as these Japs. They are full of jokes and are as unselfish as human nature can be; generous, trustful and faithful, patient, gentle and brave. They have a strong pride, too, that is nowhere more clearly shown than in the fact that though a Jap seldom passes a beggar without giving him something, yet there are comparatively few in the country. If you are annoyed by being followed about by a curious, but not a respectful, crowd, you have only to hold out a coin and they will melt away like snow under a fair, they feel hurt at being taken for mendicants.—Tokio Cor. New York Tribune.

LOW PRICES

We aim to supply the best quality of goods in every line at prices that cannot be discounted, and we ask the most rigid inspection of our goods and a comparison of our prices. Our facilities for purchasing are unequalled and we sell at the smallest margin of profit. Orders from a distance by mail will be carefully attended to with promptness and fidelity. We keep full lines of goods and deliver purchases to any part of town without extra charge.

W. C. SMITH & CO

Board of Supervisors.

(Official.)

OFFICE BOARD SUPERVISORS, FLORENCE, PINAL CO., A. T., MAR. 5, 1888. Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present Supervisors A. Macy, D. C. Stevens and Wm. E. Guild, Clerk.

On motion D. C. Stevens was appointed chairman pro tem. On motion the following demands against the treasury of Pinal county were audited and the Clerk instructed to draw warrants in payment of same.

Jer. Fryer, Sheriff's Fees.....\$125.83
J. C. Harris, Carpenter Work.....29.75
W. H. Benson, J. P. Fees.....28.75
R. C. & G. W. Brown, Printing.....58.75
P. Boscha, Constable fees.....436.40
F. M. Griffin, work on pump at the

Court House.....6.00
Rittenhouse Estate, merchandise.....24.55
Drew and Bamrick, team hire.....9.00
Thos. F. Weedon, drugs and medicine.....8.40
J. M. Ochoa, purchased account.....31.90
W. C. Smith, m.d.,.....32.25
J. Miller, J. P. fees.....18.25

On motion the Clerk was instructed to